1 2	ARTICLE II, DIVISION B – JOINT LAND MANAGEMENT AREA (JLMA) DISTRICTS					
3 4	Section 2-100	0 Joint Land Management Area-1 District: JLMA-1				
5 6 7	dev	se and Intent. This district is established to accommodate and foster the velopment of land within the joint land management areas (JLMAs) outside incorporated towns in Loudoun County to:				
8 9	(A)	Ensure development in the JLMA-1 district is consistent with the JLMA serving as a gateway to the towns;				
10	(B)	Encourage an appropriate mix of residential and nonresidential land uses;				
11	(C)	Provide a variety of housing types and lot sizes;				
12 13 14	(D)	Where appropriate, achieve a pattern of development that generally conforms to the established, traditional pattern of development in the towns;				
15 16	(E)	Establish the type and scale of development desired for the entranceway of the towns; and				
17	(F)	Implement jointly adopted area plans, where applicable.				
18	2-1002 Size a	and Location. This district modifies and replaces the Countryside				
19 20 21	tha	sidential (CR-1) district within the JLMAs. It is the intent of the County t the JLMA-1 boundaries not be extended beyond the existing JLMA undaries. The limits of this district are as designated on the Zoning Map.				
22 23		egulations. Table 2-1003 summarizes the principal use regulations of the MA-1 district.				
24 25 26	(A)	Organization of Use Table. Table 2-1003 organizes the uses in the JLMA-1 district Use Table by Use Classifications, Use Categories and Use Types.				
27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36		(1) Use Classifications. The Use Classifications are: residential uses agricultural uses; public and institutional uses; commercial uses and industrial uses. The Use Classifications provide a systematic basis for assigning present and future land uses into broad general classifications (e.g., residential uses and agricultural uses). The Use Classifications then organize land uses and activities into general "Use Categories" and specific "Use Types" based or common functional, product, or physical characteristics, such as the type and amount of activity, the type of customers or residents how goods or services are sold or delivered, and site conditions.				
	G4' 2 1000	DOOD II' W				

- (2) Use Categories. The Use Categories describe the major subgroups of the Use Classifications, based on common characteristics 2 (e.g., the residential Use Classification is divided into two major 3 4 Use Categories: Household Living and Group Living). Principal uses are identified in defining the Use Category. They are 5 principal uses that most closely share the common characteristics 6 that are key to the Use Category. 7 (3) **Use Types.** The Use Categories are then divided into specific Use 8 Types. The specific Use Types are included in the respective Use 9 Category. They identify the specific uses that are considered to 10
 - (B) Use Categories and Use Types Defined. All the Use Categories and Use Types listed in Table 2-1003 are defined in Article VIII (Definitions).

fall within characteristics identified in the Use Category.

- Permitted and Special Exception Uses. A "P" in the column identified (C) "JLMA-1" indicates that a Use Category or specific Use Type is permitted as a matter of right (as a permitted use) in the JLMA-1 district, subject to compliance with all applicable standards and regulations in this Ordinance and all other County ordinances. An "S" indicates that a Use Type is allowed in the JLMA-1 district as a special exception in accordance with the procedures and standards of Section 6-1300. In some instances, and based on the Additional Regulations for Specific Uses (Section 5-600), a Use Type will be permitted under certain conditions, or allowed as a special exception under other conditions. These uses are identified as "P/S".
- (D) Reference to General Use Category. References to "General Use Category" under the Use Type column means all of the uses in the Use Category are allowed. The Use Category is defined in Article VIII. Where specific Use Types are listed in the Use Type column, only the listed Use Types in the Use Category are allowed. The Use Types are defined in Article VIII.
- (E) Additional Regulations for Specific Uses. References to sections in the final column of Table 2-1003 (Additional Regulations for Specific Uses) indicate that the listed use is subject to use-specific regulations. The numbers provide a cross-reference to the "Additional Regulations for Specific Uses" in Section 5-600.

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TABLE 2-1003 JLMA-1 JOINT LAND MANAGEMENT AREA-1 DISTRICT USE TABLE P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS **USE CATEGORY USE TYPE** JLMA-1 FOR SPECIFIC USES RESIDENTIAL USES Accessory dwelling (accessory P to single family detached Section 5-613 dwelling) Dwelling, single-family Manufactured housing subject to detached, including Р Section 5-620 manufactured housing Guest house (accessory to P single family detached Section 5-612 dwelling) **Household Living** Home occupation (accessory to single family detached P Section 5-400 dwelling) Model home P Section 5-500(A) Portable dwelling/trailer during construction of primary P Section 5-500 residence S Congregate housing facility Continuing care facility S **Group Living** Orphanage or similar S institution S Tenant dwelling Section 5-602 AGRICULTURAL USES P Section 5-626 Agriculture General Use Category Horticulture General Use Category P Section 5-626 **Animal Husbandry** General Use Category P Section 5-626 Agriculture P Agricultural processing Section 5-627 Support and **Services Directly** Animal care business P Section 5-627 Related to On-going Agriculture, Horticulture and P Custom operators **Animal Husbandry**

Activity, On-Site

P

Section 5-627

Direct market business for sale

of products produced on-site-

including but not limited to PYO (pick-your-own)

TABLE 2-1003 JLMA-1 JOINT LAND MANAGEMENT AREA-1 DISTRICT USE TABLE

P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION

USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	JLMA-1	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES	
	Equestrian facilities	P	Section 5-627	
	Equestrian facility, on lots of less than fifty (50) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	Section 5-627	
	Farm based tourism events	P	Section 5-628	
	Farm co-ops	P	Section 5-627	
	Farm machinery sales, rental, and services	S	Section 5-627	
	Farm machinery repair	P	Section 5-627	
	Farm markets	P	Section 5-603	
	Mill feed and farm supply center	S	Section 5-627	
	Nursery, commercial	S	Section 5-605	
	Nursery, production	P	Section 5-605	
	Nursery, production, without frontage on a state maintained road	S	Section 5-605	
	Pet farms	P	Section 5-627	
	Stable, private	P	Section 5-627	
	Stable, neighborhood, on lots less than twenty-five (25) acres, or without frontage on a state maintained road	S	Section 5-627	
	Virginia Farm Winery	P	Section 5-627	
	Wayside stand	P	Section 5-604	
	Wetlands mitigation bank	P	Section 5-627	
PUBLIC AND INSTI	TUTIONAL USES			
Day Care Facilities	Child care home	P	Section 5-609(A)	

TABLE 2-1003 JLMA-1 JOINT LAND MANAGEMENT AREA-1 DISTRICT USE TABLE

P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION

USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	JLMA-1	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES
	Child or adult day care center	S	Section 5-609(B)
	Bus shelter	P	
	Community center	S	
	Community center, HOA facilities only	P	
Cultural and Government	Commuter parking lot, with greater than 50 spaces	S	
Facilities	Commuter parking lot, with 50 spaces or less	P	
	Library	S	
	Structure or use for federal, state, County, or local governmental purposes, not otherwise listed	S	
Education	School (elementary or middle), for fifteen (15) pupils or less	S	Section 5-655
	School (elementary, middle, or high), for more than 15 pupils	S	
	Cemetery	S	Section 6-637
	Mausoleum	S	Section 5-637
	Crematorium	S	Section 5-637
Park and Open Space	Community, neighborhood or regional park, passive recreational uses	P	
	Community, neighborhood or regional park, active recreational uses	S	
	Wetlands mitigation bank	P	
Public Safety	Fire and/or rescue station	S	Section 5-638
1 unic safety	Police station or substation	S	Section 5-638
Religious Assembly	Church, synagogue or temple, with seating capacity of 300 or less in sanctuary or main area	P	Section 5-639

TABLE 2-1003 JLMA-1 JOINT LAND MANAGEMENT AREA-1 DISTRICT USE TABLE

P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION

USE CATEGORY	USE TYPE	JLMA-1	ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS FOR SPECIFIC USES
	Church, synagogue or temple, with seating capacity of more than 300 in sanctuary or main activity area, or with accessory schools, day care centers with more than 50 children, recreational facilities	S	Section 5-639
	Public utility service center and storage yard	S	Section 5-621
	Recycling drop off collection center, public	P	Section 5-607
	Recycling drop off collection center, private	S	Section 5-607
	Sewer and water treatment plant	S	Section 5-621
Utility	Utility substation, distribution	S	Section 5-616
, C	Utility transmission line, overhead (excluding connections of lines from public utility transmission lines to individual development sites)	S	Unless excepted by Section 1-103(D)
	Sewage and water pumping station	P	Section 5-621
	Water storage tank	S	Section 5-621
COMMERCIAL US			
Office	Construction and/or sales trailer, during period of construction activity subject to establishment of date certain for removal	Р	
Recreation and	Camp, day and boarding	S	Section 5-645
Entertainment	Golf course	S	Section 5-648
Retail Sales and	Artist studio	S	
Service	Small business	P/S	Section 5-614
Visitor Accommodation	Bed and breakfast, homestay	P/S	Section 5-601(A)

TABLE 2-1003 JLMA-1 JOINT LAND MANAGEMENT AREA-1 DISTRICT USE TABLE P = PERMITTED S = SPECIAL EXCEPTION ADDITIONAL REGULATIONS **USE CATEGORY USE TYPE** JLMA-1 FOR SPECIFIC USES Bed and breakfast Inn S Section 5-601(A) INDUSTRIAL USES S Radio and/or television tower Section 5-618 Telecommunications antenna P Section 5-618(A) Telecommunication Telecommunications P Use and/or Section 5-618(B)(1) monopole Structure Telecommunications S Section 5-618(B)(2) monopole Telecommunication tower S Section 5-618(C)(2)

2-1004 Lot and Building Requirements.

- 2 (A) **Minimum Lot Size.** Twenty thousand (20,000) square feet.
- 3 (B) **Minimum Lot Width.** Fifty (50) feet.
- 4 (C) **Minimum Front Yard.** Thirty-five (35) feet.
- 5 (D) **Minimum Rear Yard.** Twenty-five (25) feet.
- 6 (E) **Minimum Side Yard.** Nine (9) feet.
- 7 (F) **Building Height.** Thirty-five (35) feet maximum.
- 2-1005 General Development Requirements. The following general development requirements shall apply to all development in the JLMA-1 district.
- 10 (A) **Minimum Open Space.** Thirty (30) percent. Active recreational uses may be located within the open space.
- 12 (B) **Maximum Gross Density.** The maximum gross residential density shall 13 be one (1) unit per forty thousand (40,000) square feet, calculated based 14 on the overall parcel, excluding roads. Open space shall be preserved by 15 means of a permanent open space easement acceptable to the Board of Supervisors.
- 17 (C) Utilities.

2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9		(1)	provide the Topublic Purce agreer Purce not av	led to every development site, if available as determined by own, except for Town-owned or County-owned and operated a uses that may use communal systems (except in areas near llville, which are subject to the existing annexation ment between the County of Loudoun and the Town of llville). If municipal water or municipal sewer facilities are vailable, development may be served by private well or septic in, respectively.
10		(2)		ility distribution lines shall be placed underground. Private
11			wells,	septic systems, and communal systems may be located
12			withir	the open space consistent with the standards of Section 6-
13			2005.	
14	(D) —	-Conse	rvatio i	n Design. Development shall comply with the conservation
15		design	standa	ards of this Ordinance (Section 6 2000). Uses and activities
16		allowe	d in th	e open space are as provided in Section 6-2000.
17	(E)	Neighl	borhoo	od Development Standards. To ensure new development in
18				district reinforces existing development patterns in the
19				n to the maximum extent feasible, reduces the need for
20				rips, minimizes the need for additional road improvements,
21				ges walking to employment, shopping, and public facilities,
22				in this district shall meet the following requirements:
23		(1)	Street	t System/Connectivity.
24			(a)	Connections to Existing Streets. Connections to the
25				existing or planned street system shall be made to the
26				maximum extent feasible. All development plans shall
27				incorporate and continue all streets stubbed to or shown as
28				stubbed to the boundary of the development by previously
29				approved development plans/plats or existing development.
30			(b)	Provision for Future Connections to Adjoining Land.
31				All developable land shall provide for future public street
32				connections to adjacent developable parcels by providing a
33				local street connection at least every six hundred sixty
34				(660) feet along each subdivision plat boundary that abuts
35				potentially developable or re-developable land, except that
36				such street connections are not required on steep slopes,
37				MDOD sensitivity areas, karst feature buffers within the
38				LOD, or FOD RSCOD protected corridors pursuant to
39				Sections 5-1508, 4-1600, 4-1900, and 4-1500 2000. For the
40				purposes of this regulation, "developable land" should be
41				defined to include any vacant land areas not including or
71				defined to merade any vacant land areas not merading or

1			constrained by primary conservation areas and rights of
2			way or restricted easements.
3		(c)	Block Form and Size. To the maximum extent feasible,
4			blocks within developments shall maintain a rectilinear
5			pattern except where deviation is necessitated by
6			topographic or environmental considerations. Blocks shall
7			measure not less than three hundred (300) nor more than
8			six hundred sixty (660) feet along each side, as measured
9			from the edge of the right-of-way, except where deviation
10			is necessitated by topographic or environmental
11			considerations, or where deviation is required to comply
12			with regulations concerning steep slopes, MDOD
13			sensitivity areas, or FOD RSCOD protected corridors
14			pursuant to Sections 5-1508, 4-1600 and 4- <u>1500</u> 2000, or
15			conservation design standards.
16		(d)	Avoidance of Certain Street Types. Cul-de-sacs and "P-
17			loop" streets shall be avoided except where necessitated by
18			topographic or environmental considerations.
19		(e)	Provision of "T" Intersections. "T" intersections are
20			encouraged in locations where views of important civic,
21			public or open space areas can be highlighted.
22	(2)	Varia	tion of Lot Sizes.
12		(0)	Conoral Pula In all now residential subdivisions
23		(a)	General Rule. In all new residential subdivisions containing ten (10) or more lots a mixture of lot sizes and
24		(a)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and
24 25		(a)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety
24 25 26		(a)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous
24 25 26 27		(a)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are
24 25 26 27 28		(a)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged
24 25 26 27 28 29		(a)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent
24 25 26 27 28 29		(a)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of
24 25 26 27 28 29		(a)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31			containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32		(a) (b)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32			containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34			containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning Administrator, pursuant to Section 6-401, makes a finding
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32			containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning Administrator, pursuant to Section 6-401, makes a finding that, notwithstanding deviation from the sixty (60) percent
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35			containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning Administrator, pursuant to Section 6-401, makes a finding that, notwithstanding deviation from the sixty (60) percent standard stated above, lot sizes and dimensions are
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 81 32 33 34 35 36			containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning Administrator, pursuant to Section 6-401, makes a finding that, notwithstanding deviation from the sixty (60) percent
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37			containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning Administrator, pursuant to Section 6-401, makes a finding that, notwithstanding deviation from the sixty (60) percent standard stated above, lot sizes and dimensions are sufficiently varied, for different housing types, to avoid
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38		(b)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning Administrator, pursuant to Section 6-401, makes a finding that, notwithstanding deviation from the sixty (60) percent standard stated above, lot sizes and dimensions are sufficiently varied, for different housing types, to avoid monotonous streetscapes.
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 38		(b)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning Administrator, pursuant to Section 6-401, makes a finding that, notwithstanding deviation from the sixty (60) percent standard stated above, lot sizes and dimensions are sufficiently varied, for different housing types, to avoid monotonous streetscapes. Dispersion of Lot Sizes. Similar lot sizes shall be
24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40		(b)	containing ten (10) or more lots, a mixture of lot sizes and dimensions shall be provided in order to allow for a variety of housing opportunities and avoid monotonous streetscapes. For example, larger and wider lots are encouraged on corners. Smaller lots are encouraged adjacent to parks and open spaces. No more than 60 percent of all lots shall be similar in total lot area. For purposes of this subsection, "similar" lot areas shall be defined as within 500 square feet of each other. Exception. Up to seventy (70) percent of the lots within the subject subdivision may be similar if the Zoning Administrator, pursuant to Section 6-401, makes a finding that, notwithstanding deviation from the sixty (60) percent standard stated above, lot sizes and dimensions are sufficiently varied, for different housing types, to avoid monotonous streetscapes. Dispersion of Lot Sizes. Similar lot sizes shall be distributed throughout a subdivision rather than

1 2 3			of this district and of the Zoning Ordinance will be better served by a design that tends to consolidate lots of similar sizes.
4	(3)	Sidev	valks.
5		(a)	Provision of Sidewalks and/or Trails. Sidewalks and/or
6			trails shall be provided, at a minimum, along one side of all
7			streets to provide pedestrian access to the town or
8			neighborhood center, public buildings, schools, parks, and
9			other destinations, or greater if required by the Facilities
10			Standards Manual.
11		(b)	Sidewalk and/or Trail Connections. Connections to
12			existing or planned sidewalks and/or trails shall be made at
13			the property boundaries of the project by incorporating and
14			continuing all sidewalks and/or trails stubbed to or shown
15			as stubbed to the boundary of the development by
16			previously approved development plans/plats or existing
17			development. All development plans shall provide for
18 19			future sidewalk and/or trail connections to adjacent developable parcels at planned or current local street
20			connections along each subdivision plat boundary.
	(4)	C::-	
21	(4)	Civic	and Open Space.
22		(a)	Variety of Spaces to Be Provided. A variety of greens,
23			parks or natural open spaces shall be located throughout the
24			development, where appropriate and as determined by
25			conservation design, to provide community identity.
26		(b)	Access to Civic Spaces. Direct and convenient pedestrian
27			and bicycle access shall be provided on the site being
28			developed to adjacent residential land uses and to the civic
29			and open space.
30		(c)	Configuration of Park Access. Land dedicated for parks
31			shall be bordered on at least one side by public streets,
32			preferably local or collector streets.
33	(5)	Othe	r Design Requirements.
34		(a)	Street Trees. Street trees planted pursuant to Section 5-
35		` /	1300 shall be planted at a density of no less than one
36			canopy shade tree per 25 feet on average, and shall be
37			placed in arrangements consistent with the existing
38			landscape of the vicinity.
39		(b)	Garages. Garages shall be set back at least four (4) feet
40			behind the plane of the front door of the principal building.

1 2				Garages shall have vehicular access only from the side or rear of the lot.		
3 4 5			(c)	On-Street Parking. Parallel parking may be provided on streets in front of residential lots, except for lots fronting on collector or arterial roads.		
6	(F)	Comp	atibility	y Standards.		
7		(1)	A mini	imum buffer width of 25 feet with a Type 2 buffer yard shall		
8 9		,	be pro	ovided between existing agricultural uses and residential pment sites.		
10		(2)	On nor	n-residential development sites:		
11			(a)	Areas for loading, delivery, and waste collection		
12				receptacles shall be sited so as to reduce the impact on		
13				surrounding properties to the maximum extent feasible,		
14 15				with highest priority given to reducing the impact on residential properties.		
16			(b)	Outdoor lighting shall be directed towards the interior of		
17			(0)	the development site and shall be shielded to prevent all		
18				direct illumination of other properties.		
19	2-1006 Altern	ate Nei	ighborł	nood Development Standards. In lieu of the development		
20	req	uireme	nts spec	rified in Sections 2-1004 and 2-1005 above, either the Board		
21		-		ay initiate, or the landowner(s) in a JLMA-1 district may		
22				ion of alternate neighborhood development standards as a		
23 24	-		-	pursuant to the standards of this Section and Section 6-1300.		
25	These alternate development standards may be reviewed for all or a portion of a JLMA-1 district. Once adopted, the alternate neighborhood development					
26	standards supercede the requirements of Sections 2-1004 and 2-1005. The					
27				ments shall be met:		
28	(A)	Minin	num A	rea. Alternate neighborhood design standards shall be		
29				l of a JLMA-1 district or a portion of the district consisting		
30		of a m	inimum	of twenty-five (25) contiguous acres.		
31	(B)	Initiat	ion. A	request to have alternate neighborhood development		
32		standa	rds adoj	oted for all or a portion of a JLMA-1 district may be initiated		
33		•		of Supervisors or the landowners in the area for which the		
34		-		de by submitting an application to the County for a Special		
35		Except	tion pur	suant to Section 6-1300.		
36	(C)	Study	Propos	sed Standards. Subsequent to the request, the applicant		
37				a set of proposed alternate neighborhood development		
38				consideration that comply with the standards in Section 2-		
39		1006(E		e proposed alternate neighborhood development standards		
40		shall b	e <u>in cor</u>	npliance with any overlay district requirements and based on		

Deleted: a conservation design analysis of the land and

Section 2-1000 JLMA - 1

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development standards shall comply with the alternate neighborhood

development standards. In the case of conflict between adopted alternate

neighborhood development standards and any other provision of this

Ordinance, the alternate neighborhood development standards shall apply.

BOS Public Hearing June 7 and 10, 2006